

Digital Sex Crimes Counseling, Reporting, and Support System

Reporting and Support for Educational Sector Deepfake and Other Sex Crimes

Office of
Education

(Ministry of Education) Educational Sector Sexual
Harassment/Violence Reporting Center
(Provincial Office of Education) Dedicated Sexual
Harassment/Violence Reporting Center

District Office
of Education

- Investigation and Handling of Student and Faculty
Issues

Schools

Students

- Report to your homeroom teacher or
the teacher in charge.
- Various reporting channels are available
within the school.

Faculty

- Sexual harassment counseling center
- Hotline 1600-8787

Reporting and Support for Sex Crimes at Related Agencies

- ▶ 117 School Violence Reporting Center
 - (Phone) 117 (no area code needed nationwide)
 - (Text) #0117
 - (Internet) Safety Dream (or search for “117”)
 - (In-person) Visit a 117 Center

- ▶ 112 National Police Agency
 - Cybercrime Reporting System (ecrm.police.go.kr)

- ▶ Gyeonggi-do Gender-Based Violence Integrated Response
Bureau Gyeonggi-do Digital Sex Crimes Victim One-Stop
Support Center
 - 1544-9112 www.majubom.kr

- ▶ Korea Communications Standards Commission 1377-3
 - www.kocsc.or.kr Digital Sex Crimes Reporting

- ▶ Digital Sex Crimes Victim Support Center 02-735-8994
- ▶ Women’s Emergency Hotline 1366

Main Types of Digital Sex Crimes

1. Illegal Filming

- Being filmed without consent where your body is sexually
objectified.

2. Distribution

- Videos or images of your body being sexually objectified are
distributed or redistributed without your consent.

3. Fear of Distribution

- Feeling anxious about the possibility of sexual videos or images
being distributed, even if you’re not sure if they have been.

4. Blackmail with Distribution

- Being threatened with the distribution of sexual videos, images,
or copies of them.

5. Online Sexual Harassment

- Experiencing online harassment, defamation, or insults that
include sexual content.

6. “Body-Cam” Phishing

- Being blackmailed with sexually explicit videos or recordings
that were captured or recorded through online communication.

7. Online Grooming

- Being repeatedly asked for sexual conversations or acts by
someone you met and became close with online.

8. Illegal Synthesis and Misappropriation

- Having your photos, videos, or voice used without your consent for
editing, synthesis, or processing that sexually objectifies the human
body / Having your photos, videos, or voice misappropriated for
media that sexually objectifies the human body.

자율 균형 미래

Digital Sex Crime Response Guide for Students and Parents

자율 균형 미래 Gyeonggi-do Office of Education
Gyeonggi-do

Gender-Based Violence
Integrated Response Bureau

Customized One-Stop Victim Support

In the event of a digital
sex crime, receive
customized victim support!
1544-9112

All support is
free!

Minors
can receive all support
**without parental
consent!**

(However, in the case of an investigation, the investigative agency
may notify the legal representative of the relevant content.)

Digital Sex Crime [Victim] Support Resources

- ✓ Never blame yourself for the incident. Digital sex crimes often occur in situations where the victim is unaware of the harm, making prevention difficult. Additionally, anyone can become a victim, so avoid blaming yourself for not being more careful.
- ✓ You have the right to decide whether to inform others or report the incident to law enforcement. However, if you find it difficult to cope alone, seeking help from those around you or professional organizations can provide you with safe and systematic support.
- ✓ It might take a long time to realize you've been a victim of digital sexual abuse, or you might not even realize it at all. If you suspect you've been victimized, please contact a specialized support organization (Gyeonggi-do Gender-Based Violence Integrated Response Bureau) ☎1544-9112) immediately for guidance.
- ✓ If sexually explicit content has been posted online, do not delete any material that could serve as evidence, such as the content itself (photos, videos, audio), online conversations, etc. Deleting this data can hinder victim support efforts (removal and monitoring) and police investigations.
- ✓ Even if you've deleted evidence of digital sexual abuse from your electronic devices, it might be possible to recover the deleted data using 'digital forensics' technology. Using private companies for this purpose can be risky, so it's advisable to file a complaint or report with the police and let them handle the digital forensics process.
- ✓ If your personal information has been leaked, you may be eligible to change your resident registration number. Victims of child or adolescent sexual abuse, sexual violence, defamation, or insult crimes can change their resident registration number if there's a risk of harm to their life, body, or property. In addition, during investigations and trials, victims of sexual violence can use pseudonyms to protect their human rights and privacy.

Digital Sex Crime Self-Diagnosis Checklist

- 01 I was filmed or recorded in a sexual manner (photos, videos, audio, etc.) without my consent.
- 02 My sexual photos, videos, or audio were collected, not deleted as promised, or distributed without my consent.
- 03 Sexual photos or videos that were synthesized or edited using my body or face were distributed without my consent.
- 04 Someone shared my personal information (name, age, photo, phone number, occupation, address, workplace, etc.) or location information with others or posted it online without my permission, and it was used for sexual harassment.
- 05 Someone used or impersonated my personal information to spread sexual rumors about me online.
- 06 I'm worried that if I don't comply with or appease someone who has my personal information or sexual photos, videos, or audio, they might distribute them or harass me in person.
- 07 When talking to someone I met and became close with online, they steered the conversation towards sexual topics or asked me to send sexually explicit photos or videos.
- 08 After posting sexual texts or photos on social media (such as on an alt account), someone threatened to report me for illegal activity unless I did what they said.
- 09 Someone I met online told me to keep our conversations or the content of our conversations strictly confidential.

- 10 Someone I met online asked me to delete the content of our conversations or the files we exchanged.
- 11 I received sexual texts, photos, videos, proposals for sexual conversations, or prostitution offers (such as compensated dating) through chat apps, email, social media, messenger apps, text messages, or comments..
- 12 I experienced sexual insults, slander, or mockery in online game chats or forums.
- 13 I was asked to send sexual content (such as videos of sexual intercourse, masturbation, or body parts) in exchange for loans, job opportunities, or overdue wages.
- 14 I was asked by someone I met online to send sexual content or engage in sexual acts in exchange for providing accommodation, meals, cigarettes, or other desired items (such as fortune-telling services, in-game currency, game items, gift cards, etc.).

- This checklist consists of typical victimization patterns in digital sex crimes.
- If you checked even one item, you have already been a victim of a digital sex crime or are at high risk of future victimization. Even if you didn't check any items, if you've had any experiences that you suspect might be related to digital sex crimes or if you feel at risk or anxious about potential victimization, please contact a specialized support organization (Gyeonggi-do Gender-Based Violence Integrated Response Bureau) ☎1544-9112) for consultation and support.

Digital Sex Crime [Guardian] Support Material

- ✓ Do not criticize or blame the victim. Ensure that everyone around the victim can empathize and support from the victim's perspective. Especially in cases of digital sex crimes, there is a high possibility of secondary victimization by unspecified individuals, so it's important to make efforts to prevent the damage from spreading.
- ✓ It may take a long time for victims to recognize or become aware of digital sex crime victimization. As soon as those around the victim become aware of the incident, they should consult with the victim and, according to the victim's wishes, contact a professional support organization (Gyeonggi-do Gender-Based Violence Integrated Response Bureau) ☎1544-9112) for guidance.

